

PRECISION TEMPERATURE SPECIALISTS

About Physitemp

Physitemp Instruments Inc. has made a long-term commitment to designing and manufacturing precision temperature measurement systems for physicians and other bioscientists, as well as for physical scientists and engineers. Ever since our predecessor company, Bailey Instruments, developed the first thermocouple amplifier thermometer in 1969, we have been providing our customers in universities, hospitals and industrial research laboratories throughout the world with high quality electronic thermometers, microprobes and related accessories for their various applications.

Because temperature is a fundamental variable, which affects all biological and chemical activity, Physitemp's products find applications in a wide array of technical situations. Common laboratory applications include rectal temperatures in rats and mice, freezing and sectioning rat brains and measuring well-to-well consistency in thermal cyclers. Clinical uses include profiling tumor temperature during cancer hyperthermia and measuring myocardial temperature during bypass surgery. Field uses can be exotic and include helping to determine the sex of the rare Kemp's Ridley sea turtle or measuring a mountain climber's core temperature on a Himalayan peak.

As the applications brought to us by customers have expanded, our technology has evolved to keep pace and provide solutions to these needs. The original Bailey Amplifier Thermometer was called the BAT-4 and had an analog meter read-out. We soon moved to digital displays and now offer the THERMES, which turns a PC into a precision thermometer with up to 16 probe inputs. Likewise, our BFS and TS line of freezing and thermal stages for microscope and microtomes have followed the same path and are now more versatile due to the use of similar technology and computer control. Physitemp has incorporated state of the art electronics into our designs, thus improving performance and reliability. Even though we



Physitemp's broad range of instrumentation includes: thermal stages for microscopes and microtomes, quantitative sensory testers, digital thermometers, temperature probes and accessories

have thousands of instruments in use, our Repair Department receives only one or two each week for repair or recalibration.

Our corporate culture revolves around the accuracy and reliability demanded by our research oriented customers. Physitemp monitors have a resolution and accuracy of 0.1°C traceable to NIST standards. Other competitive electronic thermometers might have 0.1°C resolution, but their accuracy is usually 0.3°C to 0.5°C or even worse. Furthermore, all our Type T clinical probes are guaranteed accurate to 0.1°C in the physiological range, due to our stringent wire standards. These are five times more accurate than competitive probes made with regular "Special Limits" wire.

Our manufacturing philosophy is aimed at providing products of the highest quality. We follow Good Manufacturing Practice Guidelines set forth by the Food and Drug Administration. Every product is inspected for 100% performance to specification. Statistical sampling is not used. This approach has made Physitemp Instruments a long term and preferred supplier to many multinational medical supply and pharmaceutical companies for use as components in their own medical instrumentation or as

important parts of clinical studies for new drugs. Our quality is worldclass, with about one-third of our shipments going outside the United States.

A temperature measurement system using Physitemp thermocouple monitors and probes offers many advantages, regardless of your application:

- Adaptability to most situations
- Accuracy traceable to NIST standards
- Tiny probe size when required
- Fast response - .005 seconds in some probes
- High stability
- Complete interchangeability, with no recalibration required
- Wide temperature range

We are a small company of about 20 people who take our customers seriously. After you review the rest of this catalog, feel free to call for technical assistance at 1-800-452-8510. We'll do our very best to help you out, including designing a custom product for your unique application when feasible.

Small, Fast and Accurate Temperature Probes

Physitemp's miniature Type T thermocouple sensors provide the widest and most versatile selection of temperature probes available for bioscience and analytical chemistry applications. All our clinical probes and microprobes are made with Physitemp's proprietary copper-constantan thermocouple wire and are guaranteed accurate to 0.1°C within the physiological range. All probes are interchangeable and do not require individual calibration when used with any of our Type T thermocouple instruments.

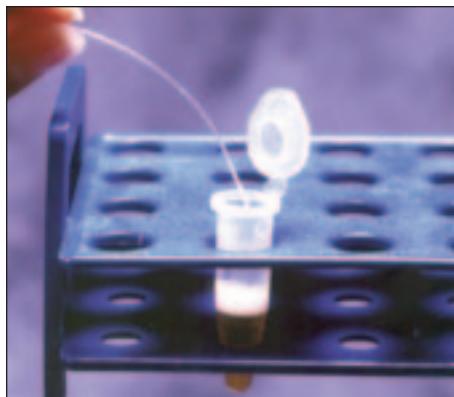
Our tiny sensors, welded under microscopes, are used to make needle probes as small as 29 gauge and flexible probes with a diameter of .005". Small mass results in fast response times, with time constants as low as .005 seconds. Our miniature thermocouples cannot be matched for size, speed of response or price.

Our best selling probes, the flexible IT-18 series, are used in many scientific and industrial applications; for implantation in animal tissue, in spectrophotometer cuvettes, rectally in neonatal mice, in water baths. They are fast reading, strong, completely sealed in flexible Teflon® and may be sterilized by gas (ETO) or autoclave.

Stainless steel needle probes as small as .033mm diameter are available. There are surface probes, animal rectal probes in several sizes, heavy duty probes and a wide range of preclinical probes (see pages 6 and 7.) We also make custom probes in any quantity including multisensor microprobes with as many as 10 sensors (see page 8).

High accuracy is guaranteed

Physitemp specializes in the manufacture of Type T (copper-constantan) thermocouples. Small, flexible sensors are in demand for use in applications where high accuracy and interchangeability are required. Type T wire is widely recog-



IT-18, Flexible Microprobe

nized as being the most suitable thermocouple for these applications.

Accuracy of $\pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ in the physiological range is possible and the probes are completely interchangeable. Wire with only $\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ accuracy is readily available. This is known as "special limits" wire. However, Physitemp has pioneered the development of a medical grade specification and is the only supplier of the premium grade with accuracy to 0.1°C .

Advantages of Thermocouples

There are currently six different common techniques for measuring temperature: thermal expansion, such as the bimetallic strip or liquid-in-glass thermometers, bulk resistance devices such as platinum RTD's and thermistors, semiconductor devices including diodes and transistors, thermocouples, liquid crystals and infrared non-contact devices. Of all the contact measurements techniques listed above the thermocouple is the smallest in size, fastest responding and lowest cost. This offers the least perturbation to the object being measured, and hence, the most accurate interpretation of its temperature. Their wide operating range and low relative cost make thermocouples ideal for most bioscience and industrial applications.

What are thermocouples?

The thermocouple effect was first observed by Thomas Seebeck in 1821

while investigating electromagnetic phenomena associated with Bismuth Copper and Bismuth Antimony circuits.

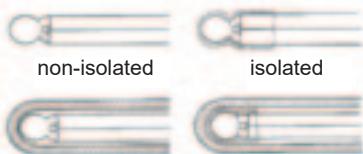
A thermocouple is a junction of two dissimilar metals and exhibits galvanic activity in response to a temperature gradient across the junction. Many conductors exhibit this effect, however in practice only eight or nine different types of thermocouples are used extensively in a vast array of industrial, commercial, medical and research applications. Selection of a thermocouple type for a specific application is related to cost, temperature range, accuracy, stability and operational life expectancy.

How are thermocouples manufactured?

A thermocouple sensor is created wherever the wires comprised of the two dissimilar metals are joined together electrically. The junction is usually a welded connection because this minimizes the size of the junction and provides the fastest response time. In addition, because the weld melts at such a high temperature it enables the probe to be used over a much wider temperature range. The sensor may also be formed by soldering or crimping, neither of which will affect the accuracy of the junction in measuring temperature although the response time may be slower and the melting point and corrosion resistance of the sensor junction may suffer when soldered. Since most of our thermocouples are made under a microscope, the quality and consistency of each weld is very high.

Isolated vs. Non-isolated

In a non-isolated sensor, the thermocouple bead is in direct contact with the object being measured, or it is in electrical contact with an outer and electrically conductive sheath that is in contact with the object. The advantage of the non-isolated sensor is the improved response time in both the sheathed and unsheathed forms.

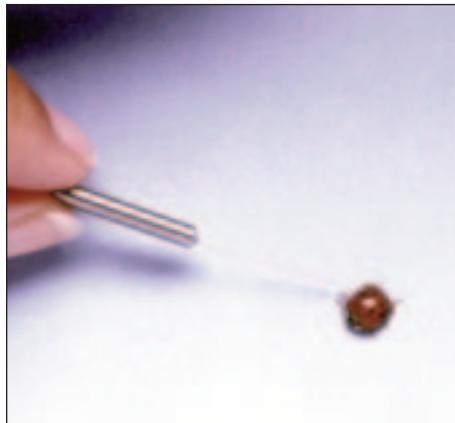


An isolated sensor may be needed in an electrical application or one in which more than one sensor is present in a conductive medium. If the object being measured is electrically conductive and at an elevated potential, it is especially important in order to prevent an electric shock to the operator or damage to the measuring instrument.



BT-1, General Purpose Probe

In many medical applications invasive sensors may be in contact with internal body fluids which are comprised of conductive electrolytes. Isolated sensors are required in these applications to avoid galvanic interaction between temperature sensors and other types of electrical sensors such as EKG electrodes.



MT-29/3, Needle Microprobe

Custom probe technologies

Many of the probes in Physitemp's standard product catalog were the result of individual customer's requests for small, accurate probes in unique applications. Physitemp's Engineers are always on hand to provide expert advice on which probes to use for a specific task and to suggest modifications to our existing designs, or completely new ones, when our standard probes do not fit the requirements. We try to maintain adequate stock of all our standard probes - custom designs may take a little longer.

OEM capabilities

Physitemp has many customers who supply sophisticated medical and scientific instrumentation which include our probes as an integral part of their system. We have years of experience supporting OEM's through prototype to clinical trials to market release phases of a new instrument system. Whether your need is for one probe or many thousands, we are interested in supplying thermocouples for a new program.

Wire available from stock

We keep many different types of medical grade wire in stock for immediate delivery. Some of these are listed on page 9. We also keep a large stock of bare Type T wire in several sizes, so that if you require some special insulation or configuration we can arrange to have it made within 3 - 4 weeks. Stranded wire involves an extra process

and will take longer. Custom wire can be supplied on rolls or made up into precut lengths with welded thermocouples.

Certified accuracy

Because we can guarantee the accuracy of this wire, our probes and instruments are often used in situations where accuracy must be certified. We can supply certificates as follows:

Certificates of Conformance are available on request. These simply state that the wire or probe is accurate to the limits of the specifications for that wire and will reference the customer P.O. number and the batch number of the wire or probe.

Customers needing to comply with ISO 9000 or similar standards should specify "C of C required" on their orders.

(For European customers, we automatically include a Declaration of Conformity with instruments that comply with CE requirements.)

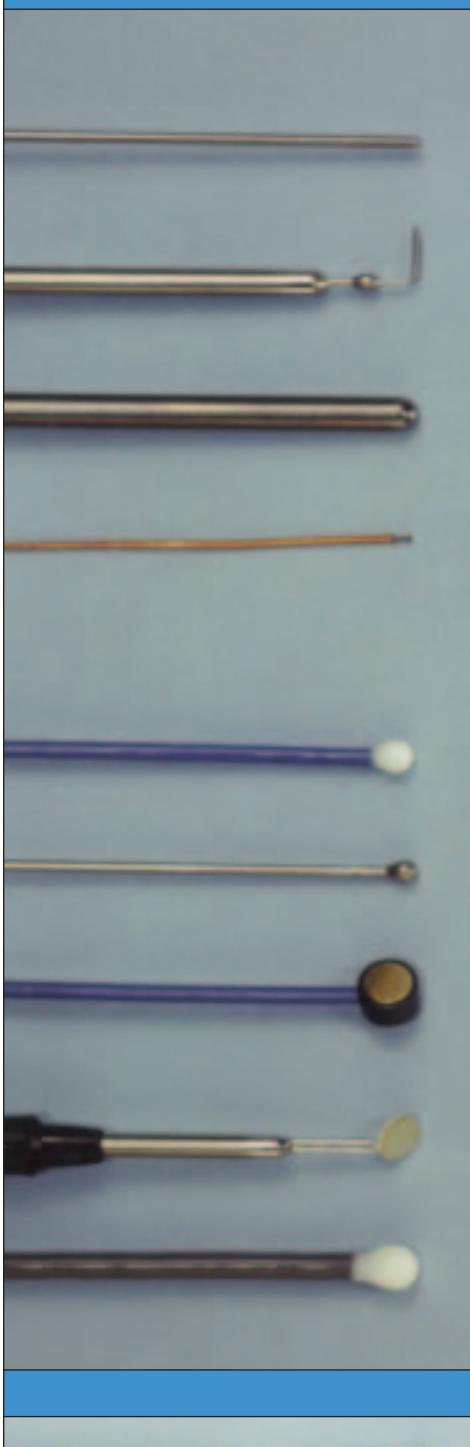
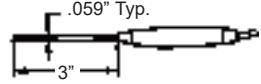
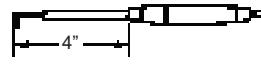
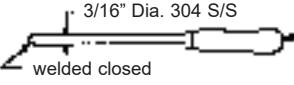
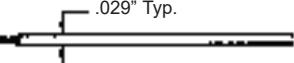
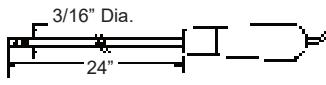
Certificates of Calibration are provided to NIST standards, and can be requested for an instrument only, for probes or for complete systems.

If certification is required for probes, please specify the temperatures you want certified. For instance, if you are working at low temperatures, you might want to certify the probe(s) at 0°C and at 25°C.

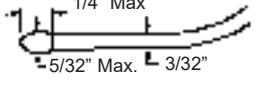
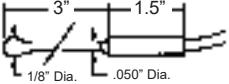
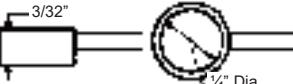
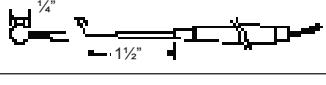
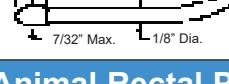
See page 34 for pricing on instrument and probe calibrations and certificates of calibration.

TEMPERATURE PROBES

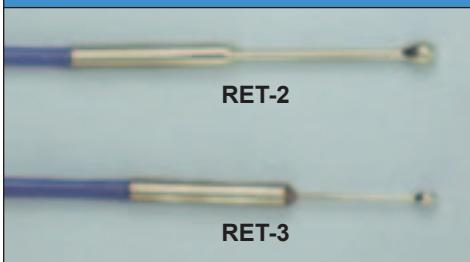
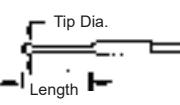
General Purpose Probes

		HT-1 - "Workhorse" probe for liquids, gases, semi-solids. Plastic handle with straight 3" stainless shaft. Not good for surface temps. Max. Temp. 400°C. Time constant 0.5 secs. 5 ft. lead. Not isolated. HT-2 - As HT-1 but with 9" shaft.
		BT-1 - For surface temperatures of solids, also for liquids, gases and semi-solids. Probably our best general purpose probe. Welded stainless-steel shaft, plastic handle. Tip is .028" diameter bent at right angle to probe to facilitate accurate surface measurements. 5 ft. lead. Immersible. Max tip temp. 240°C. Time constant 0.15 secs. Not isolated.
		DPT Series - Immersion probes for liquid. #304 stainless steel welded shaft, wooden handle. 5 ft. lead. Max. Temp. 400°C (750°F). Time constant 2 secs. Not isolated.
	DPT-12 - 12" shaft, TFT-12 - 12" shaft DPT-24 - 24" shaft, TFT-24 - 24" shaft DPT-36 - 36" shaft, TFT-36 - 36" shaft	TFT Series - Immersion probes for corrosive liquids. Similar to DPT series but shaft is Teflon® coated. Max. Temp. 150°C (300°F). Time constant 3 secs. Isolated. 5 ft lead.
		PT-6 - Sensor Six-Pack. For multi-point measurements. Inexpensive, flexible. Welded sensor beads, tough Kapton insulation, 5 ft. leads. Max. Temp. 400°C. Time constant 0.01 secs. Per package of six. Not isolated.
		GT-1 - Air and gas probe. 24" #304 stainless steel shaft, wooden handle. 5ft. lead. For instant readings of temperature gradients in environmental chambers, freezer boxes, etc. Max Temp. 200°C. Min. Temp. -200°C. Isolated.

PreClinical Research Probes

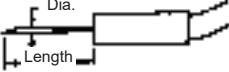
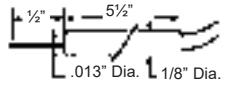
		RET-1 - Rectal probe for neonatal rabbits, and larger animals. Flexible, vinyl covered, soft tipped. Does not cause discomfort. Max. Temp. 90°C. Time constant 5.0 secs. 5 ft. lead. Isolated. For animal research use only.
		OT-1 - For fast reading oral use. Ball-tipped stainless steel shaft, stainless handle. 5 ft. lead. Max. Temp. 125°C. Time constant 0.8 secs. Not isolated. Research use only in animals.
		DSP-1 - Disposable sterile sheaths for use with OT-1 and RET-1, per 1000
		SST-1 - Skin Surface probe, to be taped on. 1/4" dia. 10 Kt. gold sensor disc, 5 ft. lead. Max. Temp. 90°C. Time constant 0.15 secs. Not Isolated. For animal research use only.
		SST-2 - as SST-1 with plastic handle. Isolated. For animal research use only.
		ESO-1 - Esophageal probe. Flexible vinyl covered 1/8" dia. Max. Temp. 90°C. Time constant 5.0 secs. 5 ft. lead. Isolated. For animal research use only.

Animal Rectal Probes

		RET-2 - Rectal probe for rats. For fast intermittent measurements. Smooth ball tip. Stainless steel shaft - 1" long. 0.059" dia. Tip dia. .125". 5 ft. lead. Max Temp. 125°C. Time constant 0.8 secs. Not isolated.
		RET-3 - Rectal probe for mice, etc. As RET-2, with shaft 3/4" long. .028" dia. Tip diameter .065". Time constant 0.5 secs. Not isolated.

TEMPERATURE PROBES

Microprobes

 <p>Needle Microprobes Fast-response needle probes for instant readings in tissue, semi-solids, liquids. Also for very small specimens, powders and materials. Needle tip is sealed to ensure only stainless steel contacts specimen. Max. Temp. 200°C. 5ft. lead. Smallest microprobes give fastest reading. Short probes are easier to insert and last longer. Type #'s indicate needle gauge and needle length in cm. Sizes Available (ga/cm.): MT-29/1, MT-29/2, MT-29/3, MT-29/5 MT-26/2, MT-26/4, MT-26/6 MT-23/3, MT-23/5, MT-23/8</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th><th>Dia.</th><th>Time Constant</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>MT-23</td><td>23 ga. (.025")</td><td>.15 secs.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MT-26</td><td>26 ga. (.018")</td><td>.1 secs.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MT-29</td><td>29 ga. (.013")</td><td>.025 secs.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>MT-4 - Similar to MT-29/1 but has blunt tip. Good for instant surface temperatures, liquids. Time constant .025 secs. Not isolated. All above probes are non-isolated. Isolated versions of 23 ga. and larger needles are available for special order. Not for use in humans</p>	Type	Dia.	Time Constant	MT-23	23 ga. (.025")	.15 secs.	MT-26	26 ga. (.018")	.1 secs.	MT-29	29 ga. (.013")	.025 secs.	 <p>MT-29/1</p>				
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 <p>Flexible Implantable Microprobes IT Series - Implantable in semi-solids and tissue samples with needle (supplied). For use in animal research, tissue samples, general laboratory, calibration labs, liquids etc. Not for use in Humans. Also for immersion in various solutions and rectal temperatures of small animals. Totally sheathed in chemical resistant Teflon™. Quite rugged. Max. Temp. 150°C. Isolated. Type # designates needle gauge. (or one gauge smaller in thin wall).</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th><th>Dia.</th><th>Time Constant</th><th>Lead Length</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>IT-14</td><td>.050"</td><td>0.3 secs.</td><td>3 ft.</td></tr> <tr> <td>IT-18</td><td>.025"</td><td>0.1 secs.</td><td>3 ft.</td></tr> <tr> <td>IT-21</td><td>.016"</td><td>0.08 secs.</td><td>1 ft.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	Dia.	Time Constant	Lead Length	IT-14	.050"	0.3 secs.	3 ft.	IT-18	.025"	0.1 secs.	3 ft.	IT-21	.016"	0.08 secs.	1 ft.	 <p>IT-18</p>
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 <p>IT-23 - For ultra fast measurements and for use on micro-size specimens. max. diameter at tip 0.011". Tissue implantable with 23 ga. needle (supplied). Rather fragile. Max. Temp. 150°C. Time constant 0.005 secs. 3 ft. lead. Teflon™ coated. Isolated. Not for use in humans</p>	 <p>IT-23</p>																
 <p>IT-1E - As IT-18 but sensor bead exposed. Combines the ultra-fast response of IT-23 with the Teflon™ sheath strength of IT-18. Time constant .005 secs. Isolated. Not for use in humans</p>	 <p>IT-1E</p>																
 <p>MT-D - Fast response surface probe for locating inflammation, arteries, etc. Stainless steel. 5 ft. lead. Max. Temp. 200°C. Time constant 0.025 secs. Not isolated. For general lab and animal research use only. Not for use in humans</p>	 <p>MT-D</p>																
 <p>ICT-4 - For use on integrated circuits and other micro specimens. 0.013" dia. straight stainless steel shaft; slightly protruding sensor bead to facilitate temperature probing. 5" tubular handle fits micro-manipulators. Max. intermittent temp. 200°C, continuous use 100°C, Time constant 0.025 secs. 5 ft. lead. Not Isolated.</p>	 <p>ICT-4</p>																
 <p>MT-29/1B - Insect Probe - Similar to MT-29/1 but sensor is swaged into tip for max heat transfer. Designed for high accuracy on extremely small specimens such as insects, seeds, etc. Max. insertion depth 1/8". Time constant 0.015 secs. 5 ft. lead. Max. Temp. 150°C. Other sizes made to special order. Not isolated.</p>																	

MICROPROBES MAY BE STERILIZED BY GAS (ETO) OR GLUTERALDEHYDE SOLUTION.

Probe Sterilization Methods

Physitemp's needle microprobes, clinical probes and animal rectal probes are all designed to withstand sterilization by ETO gas and gluteraldehyde solution. Our flexible implantable microprobes are both ETO gas sterilizable and autoclavable. For more details about sterilization procedures, please contact our Engineering Department. All probes are designed to be used in general laboratory, tissue samples, animal research only. Not for use in humans.

Time constant is defined as the time required to reach 63% of final temperature in liquid. An accurate reading is obtained when the reading stops changing, typically 5-10 time constants.

Maximum Temperature refers to intermittent use of a probe. When probe is used for continuous measurements, max. temp. should be reduced by 25% unless specified.